

17A Q3-5

characteristic polynomial

行列 A の固有方程式 = 特性方程式

$$\det(A - \lambda E) = 0 \quad \text{行列が0になる}$$

Practice.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(8 - \lambda)(5 - \lambda) - 4 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 40 - 13\lambda + \lambda^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lambda^2 - 13\lambda + 36 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\lambda - 9)(\lambda - 4) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 4, 9.$$

固有値 λ に対する

$$\lambda = 4 \text{ のとき}$$

$$(A - \lambda E) \vec{x} = \vec{0} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4x + y = 0$$

$$4x + y = 0 (*)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 1 \times t \\ y &= -4 \times t \end{aligned}$$

ただし $t \in \mathbb{R}$, $t \neq 0$

$$\text{より } \vec{x} = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{次に } A = 90^\circ \text{ とし}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5-9 & 1 \\ 4 & 5-9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} -x + y = 0 \\ 4x - 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = y$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \text{ } \vec{x} = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$(1-\lambda)(1-\lambda) - 1 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 - 2\lambda + \lambda^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lambda(\lambda - 2) = 0 \quad \lambda = 0, 2$$

In case of $\lambda = 0$

$$(A - \lambda I) \vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x + y = 0$$

in case of $\lambda = 2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$x = y$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \neq \vec{0}$$

$\forall t > 0$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \neq \vec{0}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.7 \\ -0.7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(B - \lambda I) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (1-\lambda)^2 - (0.7)^2 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \{(1-\lambda) + 0.7\} \{(1-\lambda) - 0.7\} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{100} (17 - 10\lambda)(3 - 10\lambda) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (10\lambda - 17)(10\lambda - 3) = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{17}{10}, \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\text{when } \lambda = \frac{3}{10} \quad (B - \lambda I)\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{10} & -\frac{7}{10} \\ -\frac{7}{10} & \frac{7}{10} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = y \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{when } \lambda = \frac{17}{10} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{7}{10} & -\frac{7}{10} \\ -\frac{7}{10} & -\frac{7}{10} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x + y = 0 \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(C - \lambda I) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (1 - \lambda)^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1$$

In case $\lambda = 1$

$$(C - \lambda I)\vec{x} = \vec{0}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} s \\ t \end{pmatrix} \text{ s.t.}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(D - \lambda I) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (5 - \lambda)(1 - \lambda) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1, 5$$

when $\lambda = 1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4x = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

when $\lambda = 5$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$